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(54) **REMEDICATION OF SECURITY  
VULNERABILITIES IN COMPUTER  
SOFTWARE**

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See application file for complete search history.

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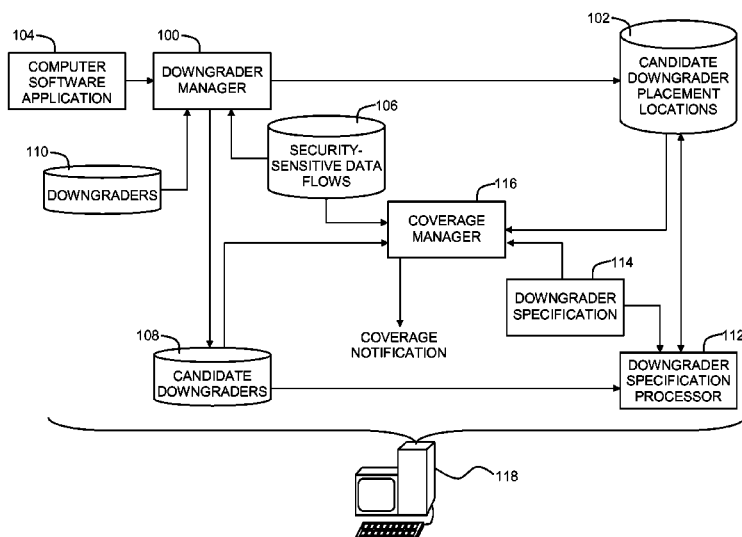
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Processing a downgrader specification by constructing a set of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application, where each of the candidate downgrader placement locations corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within the computer software application, and where each of the transitions participates in any of a plurality of data flows in a set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application, applying a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgrader placement locations, and determining that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows is a member of the set of candidate downgrader placement locations.

**16 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets**



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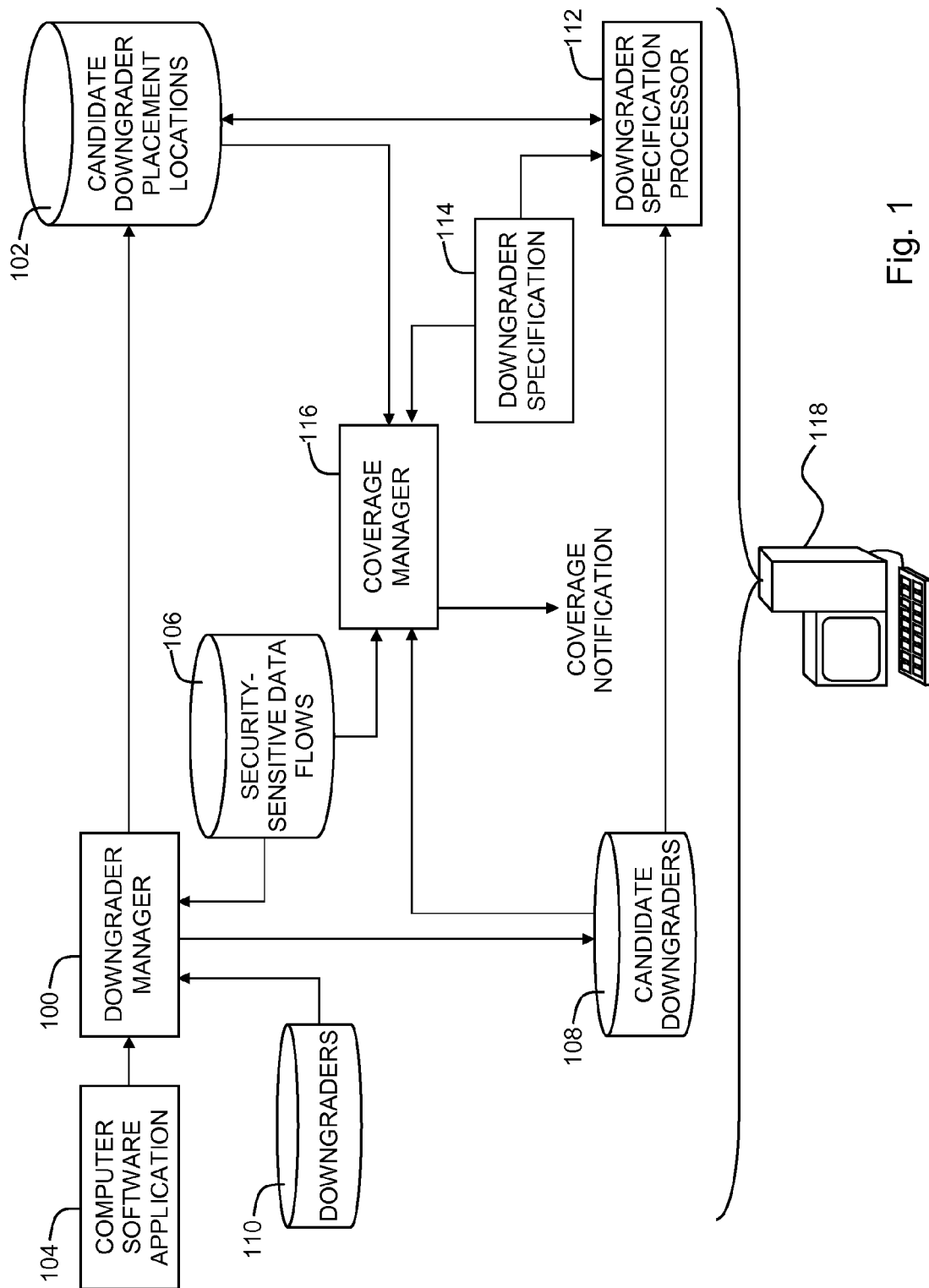


Fig. 1

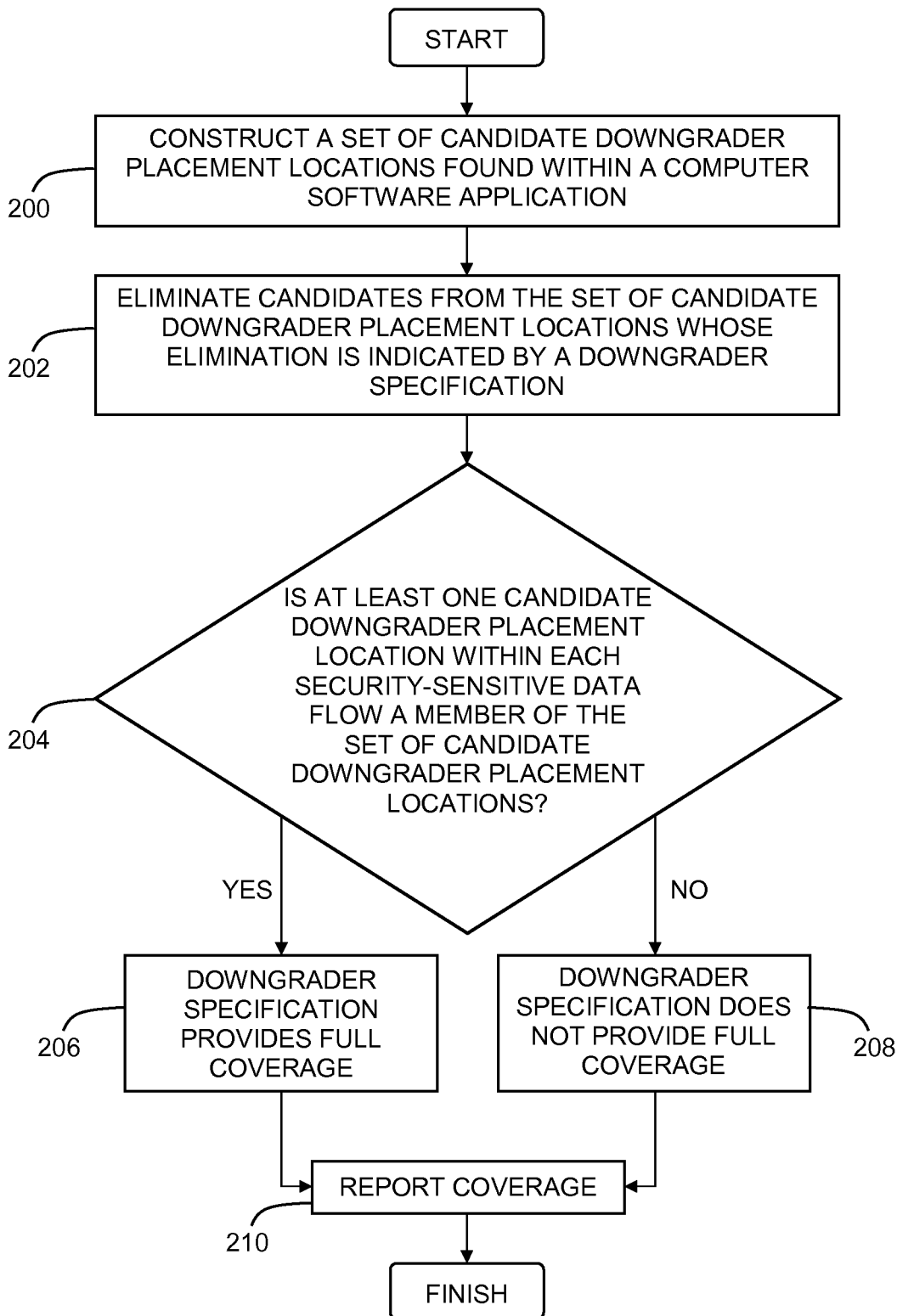


Fig. 2

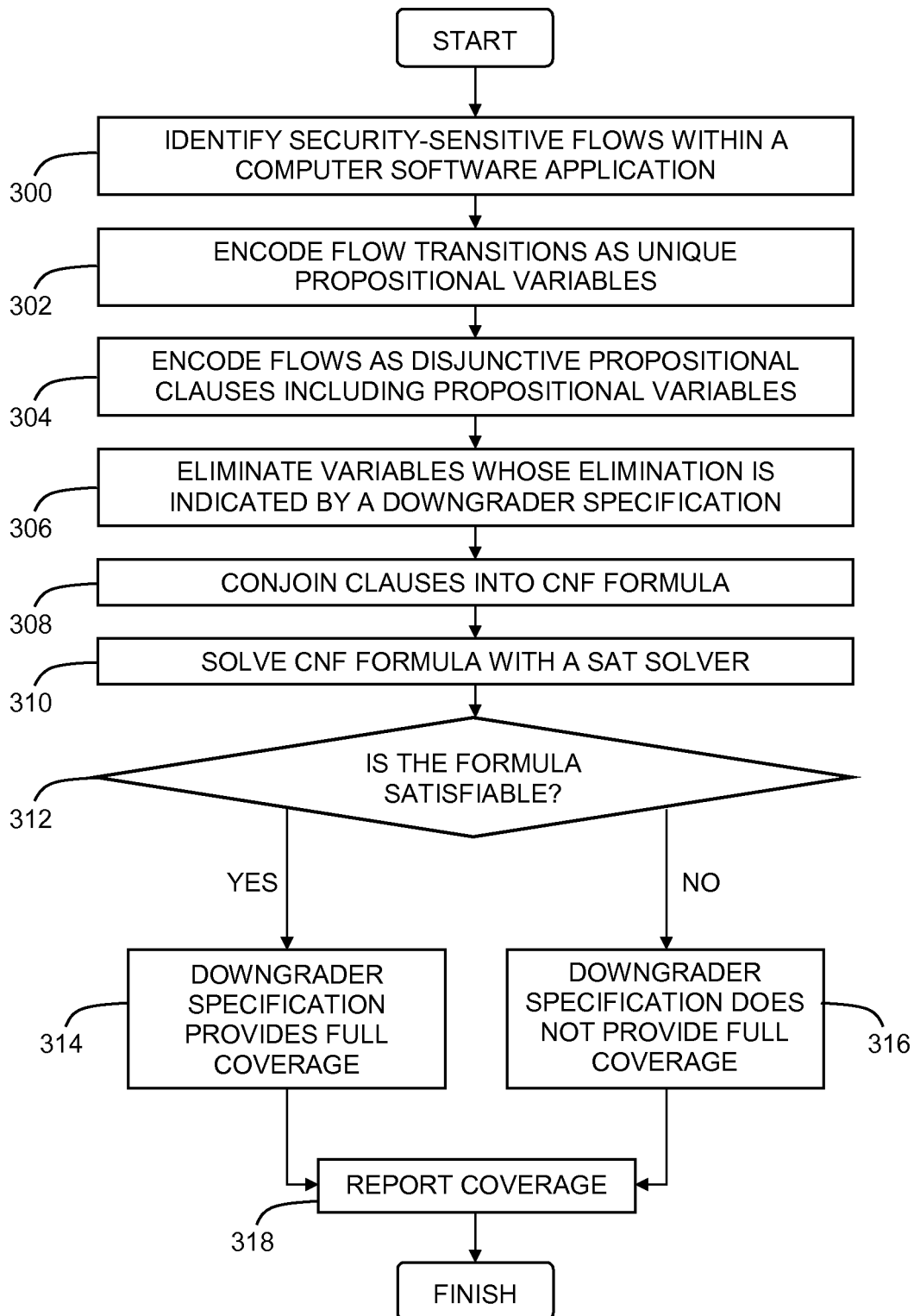


Fig. 3

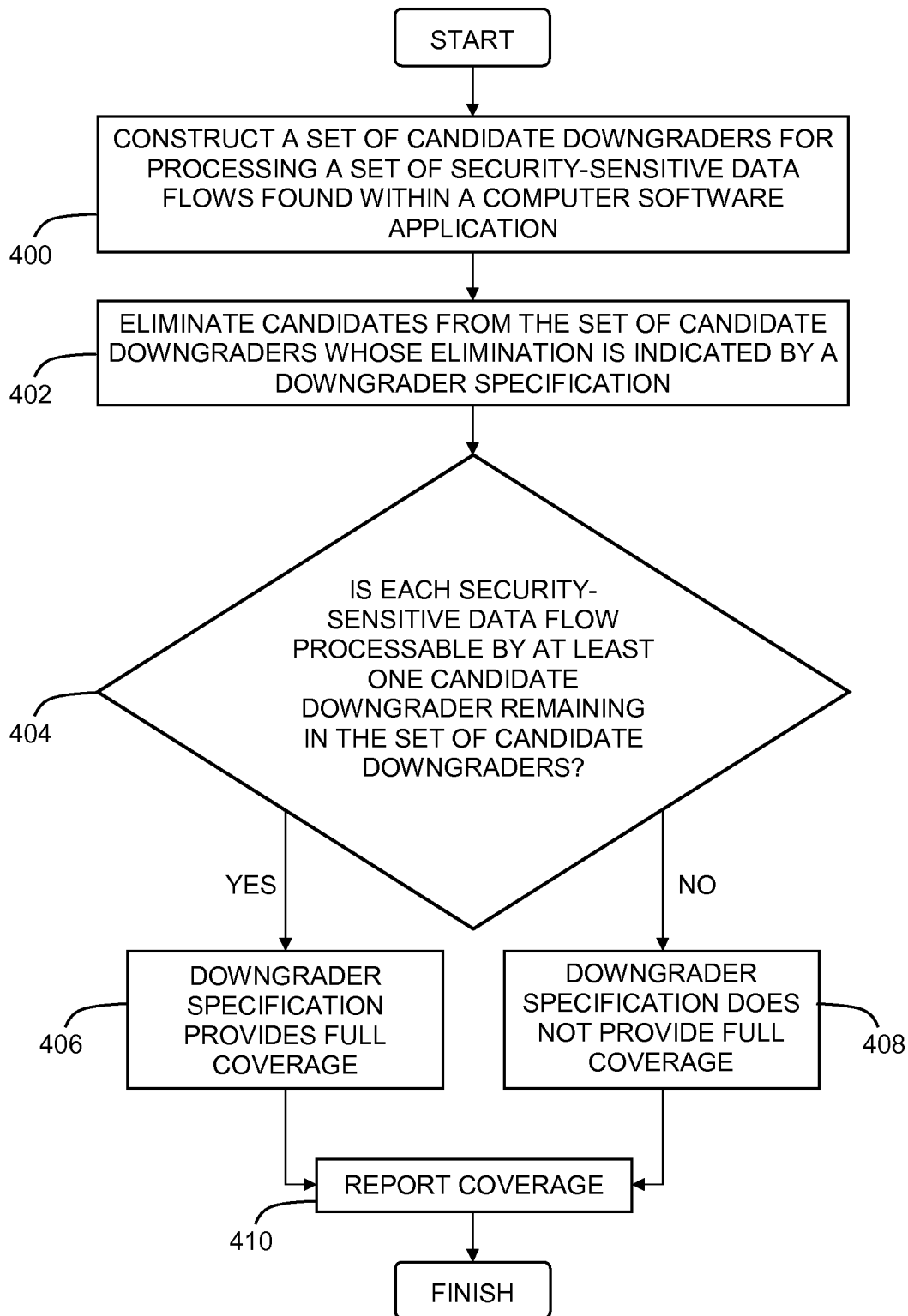


Fig. 4

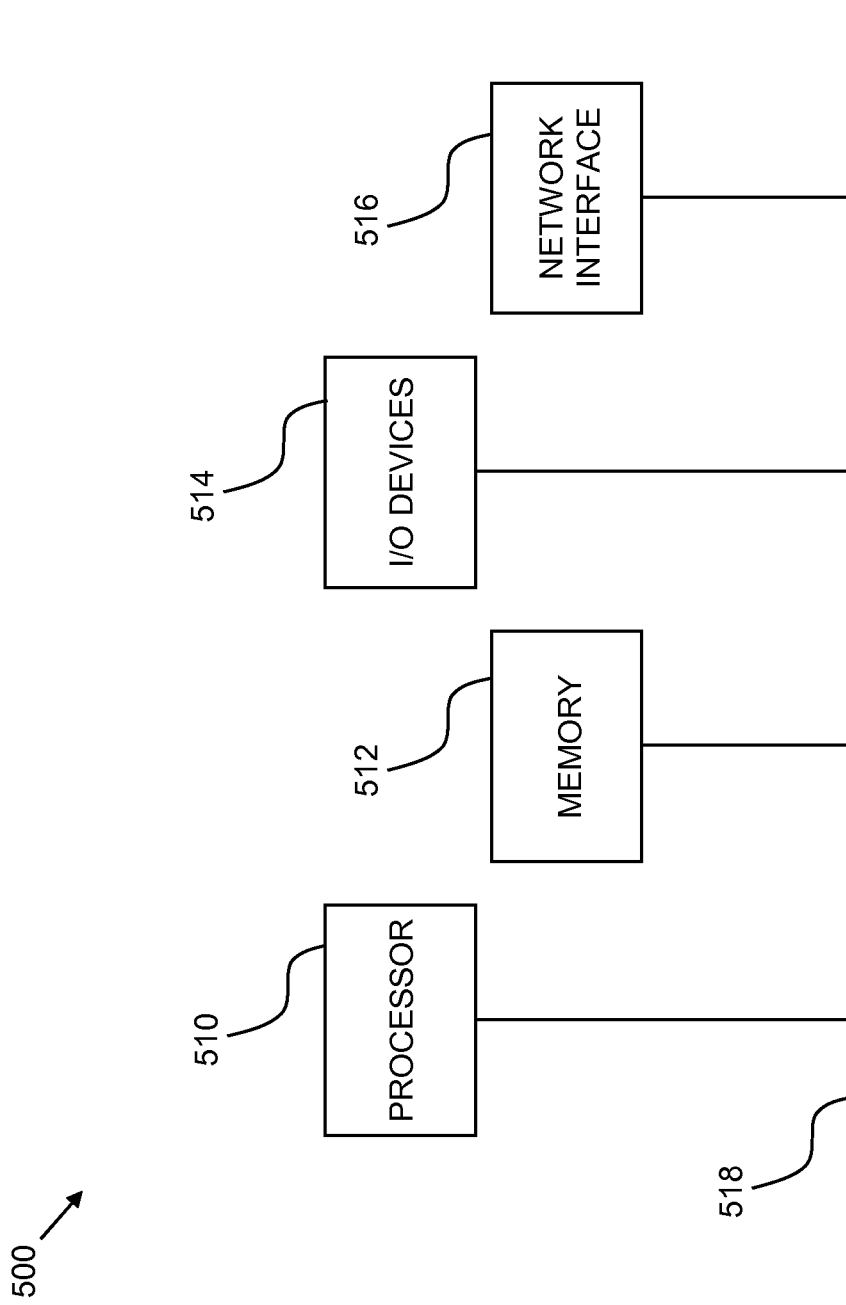


Fig. 5

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## REMEDICATION OF SECURITY VULNERABILITIES IN COMPUTER SOFTWARE

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to computer software analysis in general, and more particularly to remediation of security vulnerabilities in computer software.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Static analysis tools are often used by computer software developers to provide information about computer software while applying only static considerations (i.e., without executing a computer software application). In one type of static analysis, data flows are traced within a computer software application from “sources,” being application programming interfaces (API) that introduce “untrusted” input into a program, such as user input, to “sinks,” being security-sensitive operations such as modifying a database. Such flows are identified as security vulnerabilities that may require remediation, typically by ensuring that a flow that is identified as a security vulnerability encounters a “downgrader” that validates and/or sanitizes untrusted input, such as by checking whether the input contains illegal characters or is in an illegal format, both common tactics used in malicious attacks. Static analysis tools that identify security vulnerabilities typically provide computer software developers with a short description of each type of security vulnerability found, and may even provide sample code snippets that may be used by the developer to construct a downgrader for remediating the security vulnerability.

In addition to identifying a security vulnerability and deciding what type of downgrader to use for its remediation, deciding where to locate a downgrader within a data flow is a matter of importance as well. Misplacement of a downgrader may leave the original security vulnerability in place or cause other problems. Also, in order to maximize code quality and maintainability, it is desirable to apply as few code changes as possible.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect of the invention a method is provided for processing a downgrader specification, the method including constructing a set of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application, where each of the candidate downgrader placement locations corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within the computer software application, and where each of the transitions participates in any of a plurality of data flows in a set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application, applying a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgrader placement locations, and determining that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows is a member of the set of candidate downgrader placement locations.

In another aspect of the invention a method is provided for processing a downgrader specification, the method including constructing a set of candidate downgraders for processing a set of security-sensitive data flows within a computer software application, where each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate down-

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graders, applying a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgraders, and determining that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders remaining in the set of candidate downgraders.

In another aspect of the invention, a system for processing a downgrader specification is provided. The system includes a processor programmed to implement executable operations. The executable operations include constructing a set of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application, wherein each of the candidate downgrader placement locations corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within the computer software application, and wherein each of the transitions participates in any of a plurality of data flows in a set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application. The executable operations also include

applying a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgrader placement locations and determining that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows is a member of the set of candidate downgrader placement locations.

In another aspect of the invention, a system for processing a downgrader specification is provided. The system includes a processor programmed to implement executable operations. The executable operations include constructing a set of candidate downgraders for processing a set of security-sensitive data flows within a computer software application, wherein each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders, and applying a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgraders. The executable operations also include determining that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders remaining in the set of candidate downgraders.

In another aspect of the invention, a computer program product for processing a downgrader specification is provided. The computer program product includes a computer-readable storage medium storing computer-readable program code, wherein the computer-readable program code is executable by a processor to perform a method. The method includes constructing, using a processor, a set of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application, wherein each of the candidate downgrader placement locations corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within the computer software application, and wherein each of the transitions participates in any of a plurality of data flows in a set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application. The method further includes applying, using a processor, a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgrader placement locations and determining, using a processor, that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows is a member of the set of candidate downgrader placement locations.

In another aspect of the invention, a computer program product for processing a downgrader specification is provided. The computer program product includes a computer-

readable storage medium storing computer-readable program code. The computer-readable program code is executable by a processor to perform a method. The method includes constructing, using a processor, a set of candidate downgraders for processing a set of security-sensitive data flows within a computer software application, wherein each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders. The method further includes applying, using a processor, a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgraders and determining, using a processor, that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders remaining in the set of candidate downgraders.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will be understood and appreciated more fully from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the appended drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a simplified conceptual illustration of a system for remediation of security vulnerabilities in computer software, constructed and operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 2 is a simplified flowchart illustration of an exemplary method of operation of the system of FIG. 1, operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 3 is a simplified flowchart illustration of an exemplary implementation of the system of FIG. 1 and method of FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is a simplified flowchart illustration of an exemplary method of operation of the system of FIG. 1, operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention; and

FIG. 5 is a simplified block diagram illustration of an exemplary hardware implementation of a computing system, constructed and operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The invention is now described within the context of one or more embodiments, although the description is intended to be illustrative of the invention as a whole, and is not to be construed as limiting the invention to the embodiments shown. It is appreciated that various modifications may occur to those skilled in the art that, while not specifically shown herein, are nevertheless within the true spirit and scope of the invention.

As will be appreciated by one skilled in the art, aspects of the present invention may be embodied as a system, method or computer program product. Accordingly, aspects of the present invention may take the form of an entirely hardware embodiment, an entirely software embodiment (including firmware, resident software, micro-code, etc.) or an embodiment combining software and hardware aspects that may all generally be referred to herein as a "circuit," "module" or "system." Furthermore, aspects of the present invention may take the form of a computer program product embodied in one or more computer readable medium(s) having computer readable program code embodied thereon.

Any combination of one or more computer readable medium(s) may be utilized. The computer readable medium may be a computer readable signal medium or a computer readable storage medium. A computer readable storage medium may be, for example, but not limited to, an electronic, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, infrared, or semiconductor system, apparatus, or device, or any suitable combination of

the foregoing. More specific examples (a non-exhaustive list) of the computer readable storage medium would include the following: an electrical connection having one or more wires, a portable computer diskette, a hard disk, a random access memory (RAM), a read-only memory (ROM), an erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM or Flash memory), an optical fiber, a portable compact disc read-only memory (CD-ROM), an optical data storage device, a magnetic data storage device, or any suitable combination of the foregoing. In the context of this document, a computer readable storage medium may be any tangible medium that can contain, or store a program for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system, apparatus, or device.

A computer readable signal medium may include a propagated data signal with computer readable program code embodied therein, for example, in baseband or as part of a carrier wave. Such a propagated signal may take any of a variety of forms, including, but not limited to, electro-magnetic, optical, or any suitable combination thereof. A computer readable signal medium may be any computer readable medium that is not a computer readable storage medium and that can communicate, propagate, or transport a program for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system, apparatus, or device.

Program code embodied on a computer readable medium may be transmitted using any appropriate medium, including but not limited to wireless, wireline, optical fiber cable, RF, etc., or any suitable combination of the foregoing.

Computer program code for carrying out operations for aspects of the present invention may be written in any combination of one or more programming languages, including an object oriented programming language such as Java, Smalltalk, C++ or the like and conventional procedural programming languages, such as the "C" programming language or similar programming languages. The program code may execute entirely on the user's computer, partly on the user's computer, as a stand-alone software package, partly on the user's computer and partly on a remote computer or entirely on the remote computer or server. In the latter scenario, the remote computer may be connected to the user's computer through any type of network, including a local area network (LAN) or a wide area network (WAN), or the connection may be made to an external computer (for example, through the Internet using an Internet Service Provider).

Aspects of the present invention are described below with reference to flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams of methods, apparatus (systems) and computer program products according to embodiments of the invention. It will be understood that each block of the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams, and combinations of blocks in the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams, can be implemented by computer program instructions. These computer program instructions may be provided to a processor of a general purpose computer, special purpose computer, or other programmable data processing apparatus to produce a machine, such that the instructions, which execute via the processor of the computer or other programmable data processing apparatus, create means for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

These computer program instructions may also be stored in a computer readable medium that can direct a computer, other programmable data processing apparatus, or other devices to function in a particular manner, such that the instructions stored in the computer readable medium produce an article of

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manufacture including instructions which implement the function/act specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

The computer program instructions may also be loaded onto a computer, other programmable data processing apparatus, or other devices to cause a series of operational steps to be performed on the computer, other programmable apparatus or other devices to produce a computer implemented process such that the instructions which execute on the computer or other programmable apparatus provide processes for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

Reference is now made to FIG. 1, which is a simplified conceptual illustration of a system for remediation of security vulnerabilities in computer software, constructed and operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. In the system of FIG. 1, a downgrader manager **100** is configured to construct a set **102** of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application **104**. Each of the candidate downgrader placement locations in set **102** corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within computer software application **104**, and each of the transitions participates in one or more data flows in a set **106** of security-sensitive data flows within computer software application **104**, such as where the security-sensitive data flows were identified using conventional static analysis techniques. Downgrader manager **100** is additionally or alternatively configured to construct a set **108** of candidate downgraders for processing any, and preferably all, of the security-sensitive data flows in set **106**, preferably where each of the security-sensitive data flows in set **106** is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders in set **108**. Downgrader specification processor **108** is preferably configured to construct set **108** by selecting candidate downgraders from a predefined set of downgraders **110**.

A downgrader specification processor **112** is configured to eliminate from set **102** of candidate downgrader placement locations any of the candidate downgrader placement locations whose elimination is indicated by a downgrader specification **114**. Downgrader specification **114** may be predefined for use with any computer software application or user-defined to be specifically adapted for use with a particular computer software application, or predefined in part and user-defined in part. Downgrader specification **114** may, for example, indicate that downgraders are to be placed in particular modules or layers of a computer software application, and therefore candidate downgrader placement locations in set **102** that are not in the indicated modules or layers are to be eliminated from set **102**. Downgrader specification **114** may, for example, additionally or alternatively indicate that downgraders may not be placed in certain areas in the computer software application code, and therefore candidate downgrader placement locations in set **102** that are located in the indicated areas are to be eliminated from set **102**. Downgrader specification **114** may, for example, additionally or alternatively indicate that downgraders be placed at most *n* instruction steps away from a code location where the untrusted data is read and/or *m* instruction steps away from a security-sensitive operation, and therefore candidate downgrader placement locations in set **102** that are not within the indicated distances are to be eliminated from set **102**. Downgrader specification processor **112** is alternatively or additionally configured to eliminate from the set **108** of candidate downgraders any of the candidate downgraders whose elimination is indicated by downgrader specification **114**. Downgrader specification **114** may, for example, require that

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only specified downgraders be used, like java.net.URLEncoder or the Jakarta StringEscapeUtils class,  
no more than *n* distinct downgraders be used for an entire application and/or for a particular module,  
only validators be used, and not sanitizers, where sanitizers are capable of modifying invalid input strings whereas validators are not,  
or any combination of the above. Downgrader specification processor **112** is additionally or alternatively configured to eliminate any user-specified downgraders whose elimination is indicated by downgrader specification **114**.

A coverage manager **116** is configured to determine whether or not downgrader specification **114** provides full coverage of set **106** of security-sensitive data flows within computer software application **104**. If, after downgrader specification processor **112** has processed downgrader specification **114** as described hereinabove, at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows in set **106** is a member of set **102** of candidate downgrader placement locations, then downgrader specification **114** provides full coverage of set **106** of security-sensitive data flows within computer software application **104**. Otherwise, if downgrader specification **114** is configured such that all of the candidate downgrader placement locations within any of the security-sensitive data flows in set **106** have been eliminated from set **102** of candidate downgrader placement locations, then downgrader specification **114** does not provide full coverage of set **106** of security-sensitive data flows within computer software application **104**. Coverage manager **116** is additionally or alternatively configured to determine that downgrader specification **114** provides full coverage of the set **106** of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders remaining in the set **108** of candidate downgraders. Coverage manager **116** is preferably configured to report, such as via a computer output device (not shown), whether or not downgrader specification **114** provides full coverage of set **106**, preferably indicating which aspects of downgrader specification **114** resulted in less than full coverage and/or which security-sensitive data flows are not covered by downgrader specification **114**.

Any of the elements shown in FIG. 1 are preferably implemented by one or more computers, such as a computer **118**, in computer hardware and/or in computer software embodied in a non-transitory, computer-readable medium in accordance with conventional techniques.

Reference is now made to FIG. 2, which is a simplified flowchart illustration of an exemplary method of operation of the system of FIG. 1, operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. In the method of FIG. 2 a set is constructed of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application (step **200**). Each of the candidate downgrader placement locations in the set corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within the computer software application, and each of the transitions participates in one or more data flows in a set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application, such as where the security-sensitive data flows were identified using conventional static analysis techniques. Candidate downgrader placement locations are eliminated from the set of candidate downgrader placement locations if their elimination is indicated by a downgrader specification (step **202**). If at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows is a member of the set of candidate downgrader placement loca-

tions (step 204), then it is determined that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application (step 206). Otherwise, it is determined that the downgrader specification does not provide full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application (step 208). The coverage determination is preferably reported (step 210), preferably indicating which aspects of the downgrader specification resulted in less than full coverage and/or which security-sensitive data flows are not covered by the downgrader specification.

It is noted that step 202 need not be performed if, when constructing the set of candidate downgrader placement locations, a candidate downgrader placement location is included in the set if its membership in the set is indicated by the downgrader specification.

Reference is now made to FIG. 3, which is a simplified flowchart illustration of an exemplary implementation of the system of FIG. 1 and method of FIG. 2, operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. In the method of FIG. 3, static security analysis of a computer software application is performed, during which analysis a data propagation graph is computed and a set of security-sensitive data flows is identified (step 300). Each transition that participates in one or more security-sensitive data flows in the data propagation graph is encoded as a unique propositional variable (step 302). Each of the security-sensitive data flows is encoded as a disjunctive propositional clause, where the clause includes all propositional variables corresponding to the transitions that participate in the data flow (step 304). Variables corresponding to transitions whose elimination are indicated by a downgrader specification are eliminated (step 306). The clauses are conjoined to form a Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) formula (step 308) which is then processed by a satisfiability (SAT) solver (step 310). If the formula is satisfiable (step 312) then it is determined that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application (step 314). Otherwise, it is determined that the downgrader specification does not provide full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application (step 316). The coverage determination is preferably reported (step 318), preferably indicating which aspects of the downgrader specification resulted in less than full coverage and/or which security-sensitive data flows are not covered by the downgrader specification.

Reference is now made to FIG. 4, which is a simplified flowchart illustration of an exemplary method of operation of the system of FIG. 1, operative in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. In the method of FIG. 4 a set is constructed of candidate downgraders for processing any, and preferably all, of the security-sensitive data flows found within a computer software application (step 400), preferably where each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders. Candidate downgraders are eliminated from the set of candidate downgraders if their elimination is indicated by a downgrader specification (step 402). If each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders remaining in the set of candidate downgraders (step 404), then it is determined that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application (step 406). Otherwise, it is determined that the downgrader specification does not provide full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application (step 408). The coverage determination is preferably reported (step

410), preferably indicating which aspects of the downgrader specification resulted in less than full coverage and/or which security-sensitive data flows are not covered by the downgrader specification.

It is noted that step 402 need not be performed if, when constructing the set of candidate downgraders, a candidate downgrader is included in the set if its membership in the set is indicated by the downgrader specification.

It will be appreciated that the methods of FIG. 2 and FIG. 4 may be combined where both candidate downgraders and candidate downgrader placement locations may be determined with respect to a downgrader specification as described herein.

Referring now to FIG. 5, block diagram 500 illustrates an exemplary hardware implementation of a computing system in accordance with which one or more components/methodologies of the invention (e.g., components/methodologies described in the context of FIGS. 1-4) may be implemented, according to an embodiment of the invention.

As shown, the techniques for controlling access to at least one resource may be implemented in accordance with a processor 510, a memory 512, I/O devices 514, and a network interface 516, coupled via a computer bus 518 or alternate connection arrangement.

It is to be appreciated that the term "processor" as used herein is intended to include any processing device, such as, for example, one that includes a CPU (central processing unit) and/or other processing circuitry. It is also to be understood that the term "processor" may refer to more than one processing device and that various elements associated with a processing device may be shared by other processing devices.

The term "memory" as used herein is intended to include memory associated with a processor or CPU, such as, for example, RAM, ROM, a fixed memory device (e.g., hard drive), a removable memory device (e.g., diskette), flash memory, etc. Such memory may be considered a computer readable storage medium.

In addition, the phrase "input/output devices" or "I/O devices" as used herein is intended to include, for example, one or more input devices (e.g., keyboard, mouse, scanner, etc.) for entering data to the processing unit, and/or one or more output devices (e.g., speaker, display, printer, etc.) for presenting results associated with the processing unit.

The flowchart and block diagrams in the Figures illustrate the architecture, functionality, and operation of possible implementations of systems, methods and computer program products according to various embodiments of the invention. In this regard, each block in the flowchart or block diagrams may represent a module, segment, or portion of code, which comprises one or more executable instructions for implementing the specified logical function(s). It should also be noted that, in some alternative implementations, the functions noted in the block may occur out of the order noted in the figures. For example, two blocks shown in succession may, in fact, be executed substantially concurrently, or the blocks may sometimes be executed in the reverse order, depending upon the functionality involved. It will also be noted that each block of the block diagrams and/or flowchart illustration, and combinations of blocks in the block diagrams and/or flowchart illustration, can be implemented by special purpose hardware-based systems that perform the specified functions or acts, or combinations of special purpose hardware and computer instructions.

It will be appreciated that any of the elements described hereinabove may be implemented as a computer program product embodied in a computer-readable medium, such as in the form of computer program instructions stored on mag-

netic or optical storage media or embedded within computer hardware, and may be executed by or otherwise accessible to a computer (not shown).

While the methods and apparatus herein may or may not have been described with reference to specific computer hardware or software, it is appreciated that the methods and apparatus described herein may be readily implemented in computer hardware or software using conventional techniques.

While the invention has been described with reference to one or more specific embodiments, the description is intended to be illustrative of the invention as a whole and is not to be construed as limiting the invention to the embodiments shown. It is appreciated that various modifications may occur to those skilled in the art that, while not specifically shown herein, are nevertheless within the true spirit and scope of the invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A system for processing a downgrader specification, the system comprising:

a processor programmed to implement executable operations comprising:

constructing a set of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application, wherein each of the candidate downgrader placement locations corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within the computer software application, and wherein each of the transitions participates in any of a plurality of data flows in a set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application;

applying a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgrader placement locations, wherein applying the downgrader specification comprises eliminating from the set of candidate downgrader placement locations any of the candidate downgrader placement locations whose elimination is indicated by the downgrader specification; and

determining that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows is a member of the set of candidate downgrader placement locations.

2. The system according to claim 1 wherein the processor is configured to construct the set of candidate downgrader placement locations wherein membership of each of the candidate downgrader placement locations in the set of candidate downgrader placement locations is indicated by the downgrader specification.

3. The system according to claim 1 wherein the downgrader specification is defined by a computer user.

4. The system according to claim 1 wherein the downgrader specification indicates areas of the computer software application where downgraders are not to be placed.

5. The system according to claim 1 wherein the downgrader specification indicates that downgraders be placed within a predefined number of instructions steps from a code location within the computer software application where untrusted data is read.

6. The system according to claim 1 wherein the downgrader specification indicates that downgraders be placed within a predefined number of instruction steps from a security-sensitive operation within the computer software application.

7. A system for processing a downgrader specification, the system comprising:

a processor programmed to implement executable operations comprising:

constructing a set of candidate downgraders for processing a set of security-sensitive data flows within a computer software application, wherein each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders;

applying a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgraders, wherein applying the downgrader specification comprises eliminating from the set of candidate downgraders any of the candidate downgraders whose elimination is indicated by the downgrader specification; and

determining that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders remaining in the set of candidate downgraders.

8. The system according to claim 7 wherein the processor is configured to construct the set of candidate downgraders wherein membership of each of the candidate downgraders in the set of candidate downgraders is indicated by the downgrader specification.

9. A computer program product for processing a downgrader specification, the computer program product comprising a computer-readable storage medium storing computer-readable program code, wherein the computer-readable program code is executable by a processor to perform a method comprising:

constructing, using the processor, a set of candidate downgrader placement locations found within a computer software application, wherein each of the candidate downgrader placement locations corresponds to a transition between a different pair of instructions within the computer software application, and wherein each of the transitions participates in any of a plurality of data flows in a set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application;

applying, using the processor, a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgrader placement locations, wherein applying the downgrader specification comprises eliminating from the set of candidate downgrader placement locations any of the candidate downgrader placement locations whose elimination is indicated by the downgrader specification; and

determining, using the processor, that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if at least one candidate downgrader placement location within each of the security-sensitive data flows is a member of the set of candidate downgrader placement locations.

10. The computer program product according to claim 9 wherein the method further comprises constructing the set of candidate downgrader placement locations wherein membership of each of the candidate downgrader placement locations in the set of candidate downgrader placement locations is indicated by the downgrader specification.

11. The computer program product according to claim 9 wherein the downgrader specification is defined by a computer user.

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12. The computer program product according to claim 9 wherein the downgrader specification indicates areas of the computer software application where downgraders are not to be placed.

13. The computer program product according to claim 9 wherein the downgrader specification indicates that downgraders be placed within a predefined number of instructions steps from a code location within the computer software application where untrusted data is read.

14. The computer program product according to claim 9 wherein the downgrader specification indicates that downgraders be placed within a predefined number of instruction steps from a security-sensitive operation within the computer software application.

15. A computer program product for processing a downgrader specification, the computer program product comprising a computer-readable storage medium storing computer-readable program code, wherein the computer-readable program code is executable by a processor to perform a method comprising:

constructing, using the processor, a set of candidate downgraders for processing a set of security-sensitive data

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flows within a computer software application, wherein each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders;

applying, using the processor, a downgrader specification to the set of candidate downgraders, wherein applying the downgrader specification comprises eliminating from the set of candidate downgraders any of the candidate downgraders whose elimination is indicated by the downgrader specification; and

determining, using the processor, that the downgrader specification provides full coverage of the set of security-sensitive data flows within the computer software application if each of the security-sensitive data flows is processable by at least one of the candidate downgraders remaining in the set of candidate downgraders.

16. The computer program product according to claim 15 wherein the method further comprises constructing the set of candidate downgraders wherein membership of each of the candidate downgraders in the set of candidate downgraders is indicated by the downgrader specification.

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